

Haemoglobin **Drabkin's Solution**

REF: 612 001 (2 x 50 ml) **1000 test** REF: 612 002 (2 x 100 ml) **2000 test**

Intended Use

Spectrum Diagnostics haemoglobin reagent is intended for the in-vitro quantitative, diagnostic determination of haemoglobin in

Background

Haemoglobin (Hb) is the red pigmented protein located in the erythrocytes and consists of four subunits. Its main function is the transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood. In normal human adults, at least 96 % of the haemoglobin is HbA. HbA2 is usually about 2.5 – 3 % of total haemoglobin. Fetal haemoglobin (HbF) predominates during fetal life and diminishes rapidly during the first year of postnatal life. In normal adults less than 1 % is HbF Blood haemoglobin concentration may be diminished as HbF.Blood haemoglobin concentration may be diminished as a consequence of haemorrhage or haemolysis or as a result of impaired blood formation in the bone marrow .

Method

Colorimetric method using Drabkin's solution.

Assay Principle

Haemoglobin is oxidized by potassium ferricyanide which is converted into stable cyanomethaemoglobin by potassium cyanide. The absorbance of the cyanomethaemoglobinis monitored at 540 nm.

Reagents

Reagent (R1)

Potassium ferricyanide 40 mmol/l Potassium phosphate 50 mmol/l

Reagent (R2)

Potassium cyanide 77 mmol/l

Harmful (Xn): R20/21/22: Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. S7: Keep container tightly closed. S28.1: After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. The amount of cyanide present in one bottle of reagent is appreciably less than the minimum lethal dose for an adult. However, hydrogen cyanide is liberated by acidification. Never allow reagent to come in contact with acid.

For further information, refer to the Haemoglobin reagent material safety

Reagents also contain non-reactive stablizers and surfactants

Precautions and Warnings

Pay attention to all precautions and warnings listed in Spectrum Diagnostics catalogue available upon request .Haemoglobin reagent contains cyanide which is poisonous. Avoid contact with skin and never pipette by mouth .

Deterioration

Failure to recover control values within the assigned range may be an indication of reagent deterioration.

SYMBOLS IN PRODUCT LABELLING

ECREP Authorised Representative IVD For in-vitro diagnostic use LOT Batch Code/Lot number REF Catalogue Number Temperature Limitation

A CAUTION. Consult instructions for use

Manufactured by Consult instructions for use X (Xi) - Irritant

Reagent Preparation Storage and Stability

All reagents are stable until expiration date stated on label when stored at 15 - 25 °C. Once opened, the reagent is stable for 6 months at the specified temperature if contamination is avoided. water as following: $1 \ \text{ml}(R1) + 1 \ \text{ml}(R2) + 48 \ \text{ml}(R_2) + 48 \ \text{ml}(R$ Prepare the working solution by diluting the reagents with bidistilled

Specimen Collection and Preservation

Anticoagulated venous or capillary blood .Blood may be anticoagulated with EDTA , or fluoride . Blood can be taken directly from a finger or heel puncture without use of anticoagulant .

at 2 - 8 °C at 20 - 25 °C 4 days

System Parameters

Wavelength 540 nm (Hg 546 nm) Optical path 1 cm Assay type End-point Direction Increase Sample: Reagent Ratio 1 : 250 2.5 ml e.g : Reagent volume Sample volume 10 μΙ Low 0.00 AU Reagent Blank High 0.2 AU 20 - 25 °C Temperature

Incubation time 5 minutes Zero adjustment Against reagent blank

Procedure

Pipette into test tubes Working solution 2.5 ml Blood sample 10 µl

Mix well and rinse the blood pipette several times with the reagents, and incubate for 5 minuts at 20-25 °C. Measure absorbance of specimen (A_{specimen}) against reagent blank.

Calculation

Haemoglobin concentration (g/dL) = A specimen x 36.77

Haemoglobin concentration (mmol/L)= Aspecimen x 22.83

Expected values

15.2 - 23.5 g/dL 10.3 - 16.6 g/dL 10.0 - 12.9 g/dL 11.0 - 14.3 g/dL (9.4 – 14.6 mmol/L) (6.4 – 10.3 mmol/L) (6.1 – 8.0 mmol/L) (6.8 – 8.8 mmol/L) 1 – 6 days 14–50 days 2 – 10 months 1 – 15 years 12.0 - 16.0 g/dL 14.0 - 18.0 g/dL (7.5 – 9.9 mmol/L) (8.7 – 11.2 mmol/L) Adults Women Men

Spectrum Diagnostics does not interpret the results of a clinical laboratory procedure; interpretation of the results is considered the responsibility of qualified medical personnel . All indications of clinical significance are supported by literature references .

Performance Characteristics

Precision Within run (Repeatability)

	Level 1	Level 2
n	20	20
Mean (g/dL)	10	14
SD	0.23	0.182
CV%	2.3	1.3

Run to run (Reproducibility)

(1)/		
	Level 1	Level 2
n	20	20
Mean (g/dL)	11.1	14.1
SD	0.322	0.296
CV%	2.9	2.1

Waste Disposal

This product is made to be used in professional laboratories. Please consult local regulations for a correct waste disposal.

\$56: dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

\$57: use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. S61: avoid release in environment. refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

References

- 2.
- International committee for standardization in haematology. Brit. J. Haemat., 1967:13 (Suppl.) 71. Van Kampen, E. J. and Zijlstra, W.G., Clin. Chem. Acta.,1961:6:538 544. Tietz NW, Ed. Clinical guide to laboratory tests. 2ND ED. Philadelphia: WB Saunders; 1990:566.

ORDERING INFORMATION			
REAGENTS			
CATALOG NO.	QUANTITY		
612 001	2 x 50 ml		
612 002	2 x 100 ml		

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